

SERUM MICRORNA PROFILING FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF PREDICTIVE MOLECULAR MARKERS OF THE RESPONSE TO CONTROLLED OVARIAN STIMULATION

Edson Borges Jr; Maria Gabriela Ferreira Mulato; Amanda Souza Setti;
Assumpto Iaconelli Jr. ; Murilo Vieira Geraldo; Daniela Paes de Almeida
Ferreira Braga



FERTILITY
MEDICAL GROUP



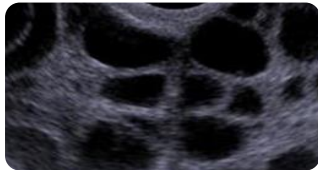
UNICAMP

INTRODUCTON

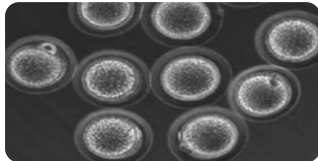
✓ Controlled Ovarian Stimulation



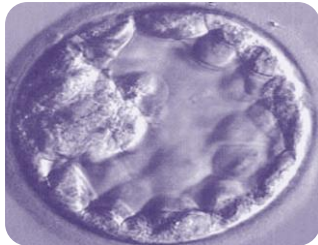
Essential step for in vitro fertilization



Development of multiple follicles



Recovery of multiple oocytes



Selection of the best embryo
for transfer



FERTILITY

INTRODUCTION

✓ Controlled Ovarian Stimulation



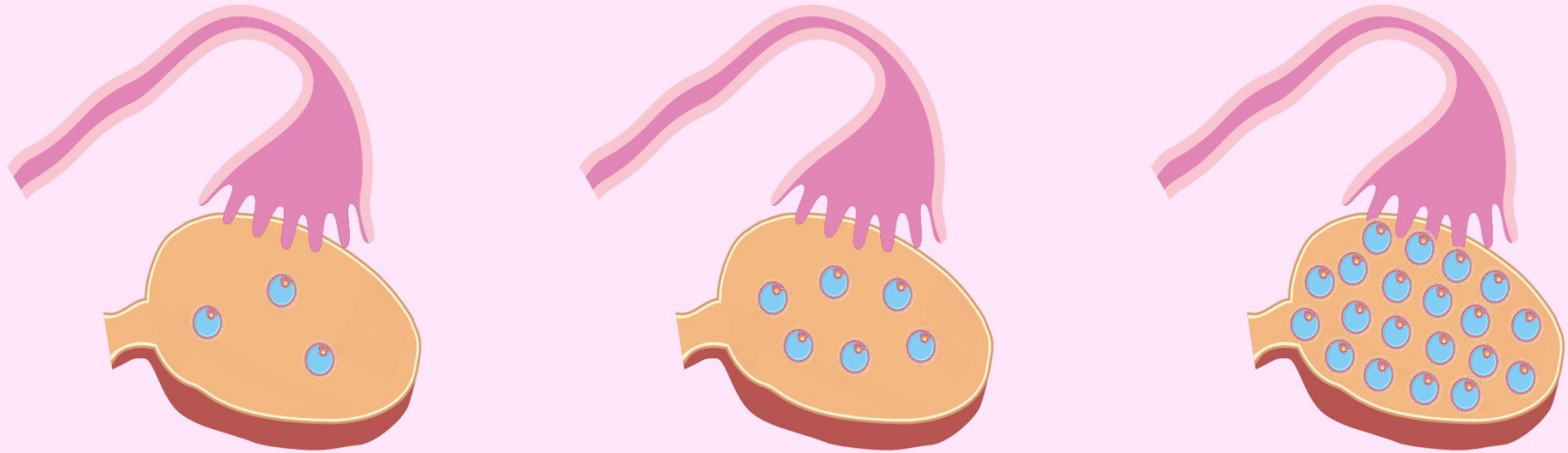
Proper response to
COS



5 to 14 oocytes

INTRODUCTION

✓ Controlled Ovarian Stimulation



Poor response



Normo
response



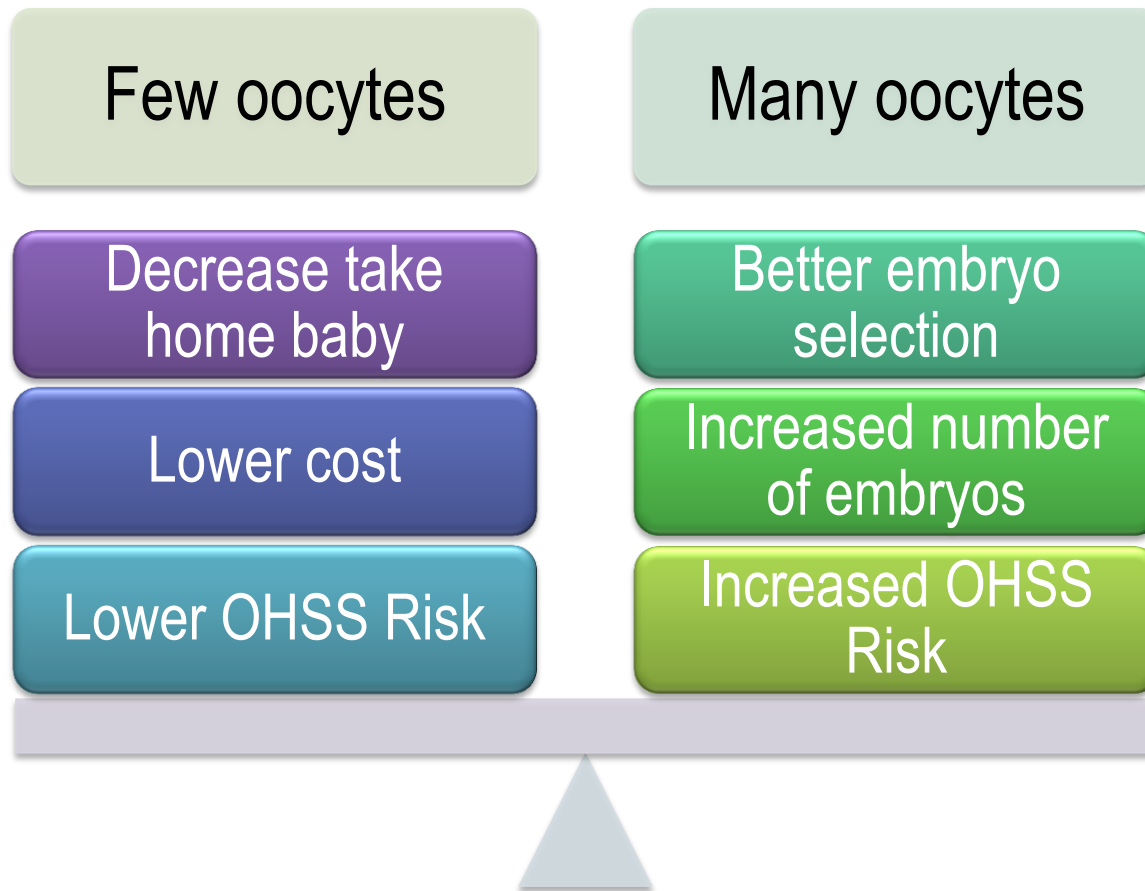
Hyper response



FERTILITY

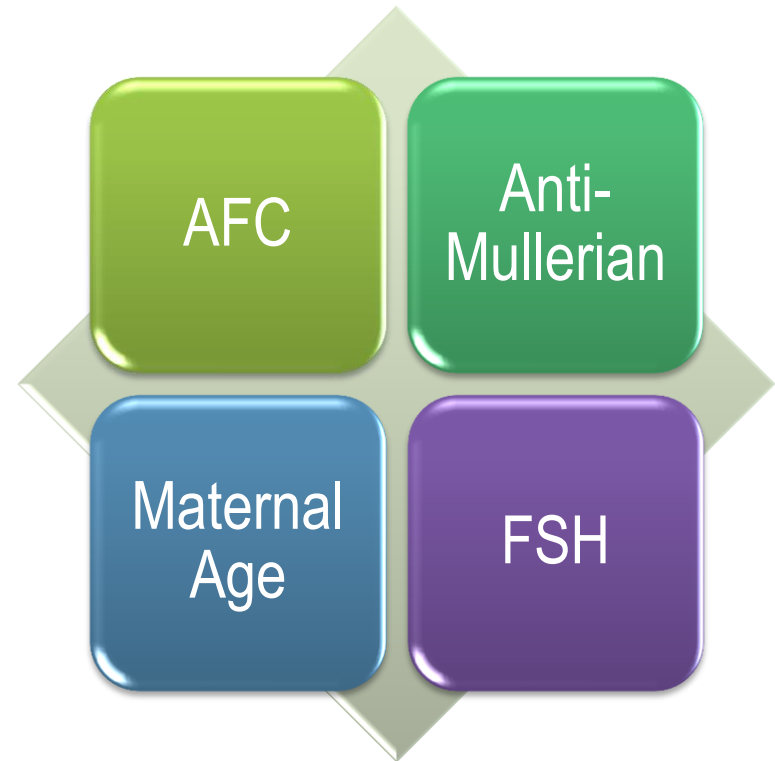
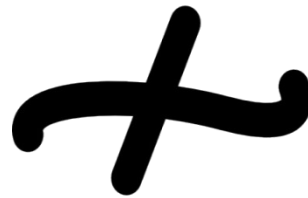
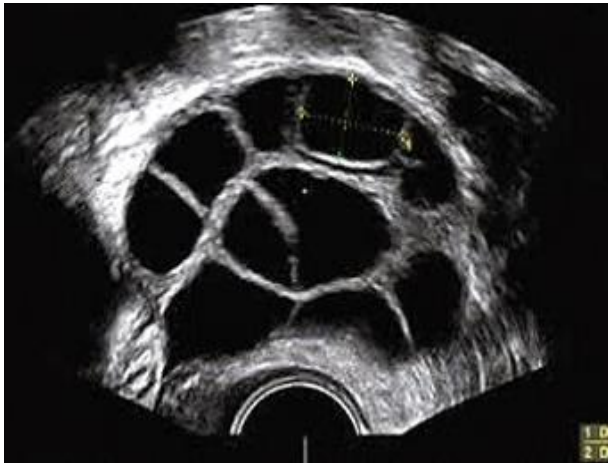
INTRODUCTION

✓ Cancellation of IVF cycles risk



INTRODUÇÃO

- ✓ It is nearly impossible to accurately predict the ovarian response and tailor an individualised stimulation protocol



The development of non-invasive techniques, capable of predicting the response to COS, would allow for individualised treatment and increased success rates.

INTRODUCTION

- **MicroRNAs**



Endogenous

Single-strand RNA molecules

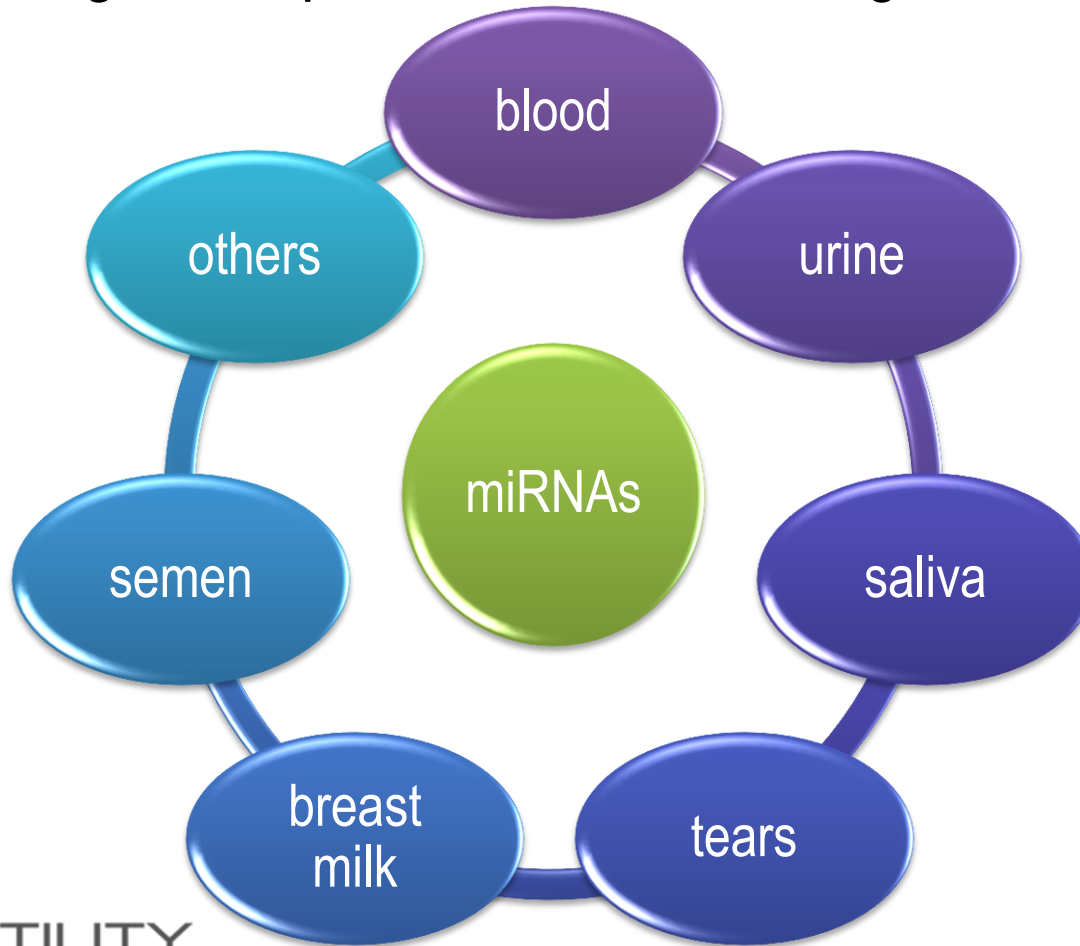
of 20-24 nucleotides

Non-coding RNA molecule

Post-transcriptionally regulate
gene expression in eukaryote

INTRODUCTION

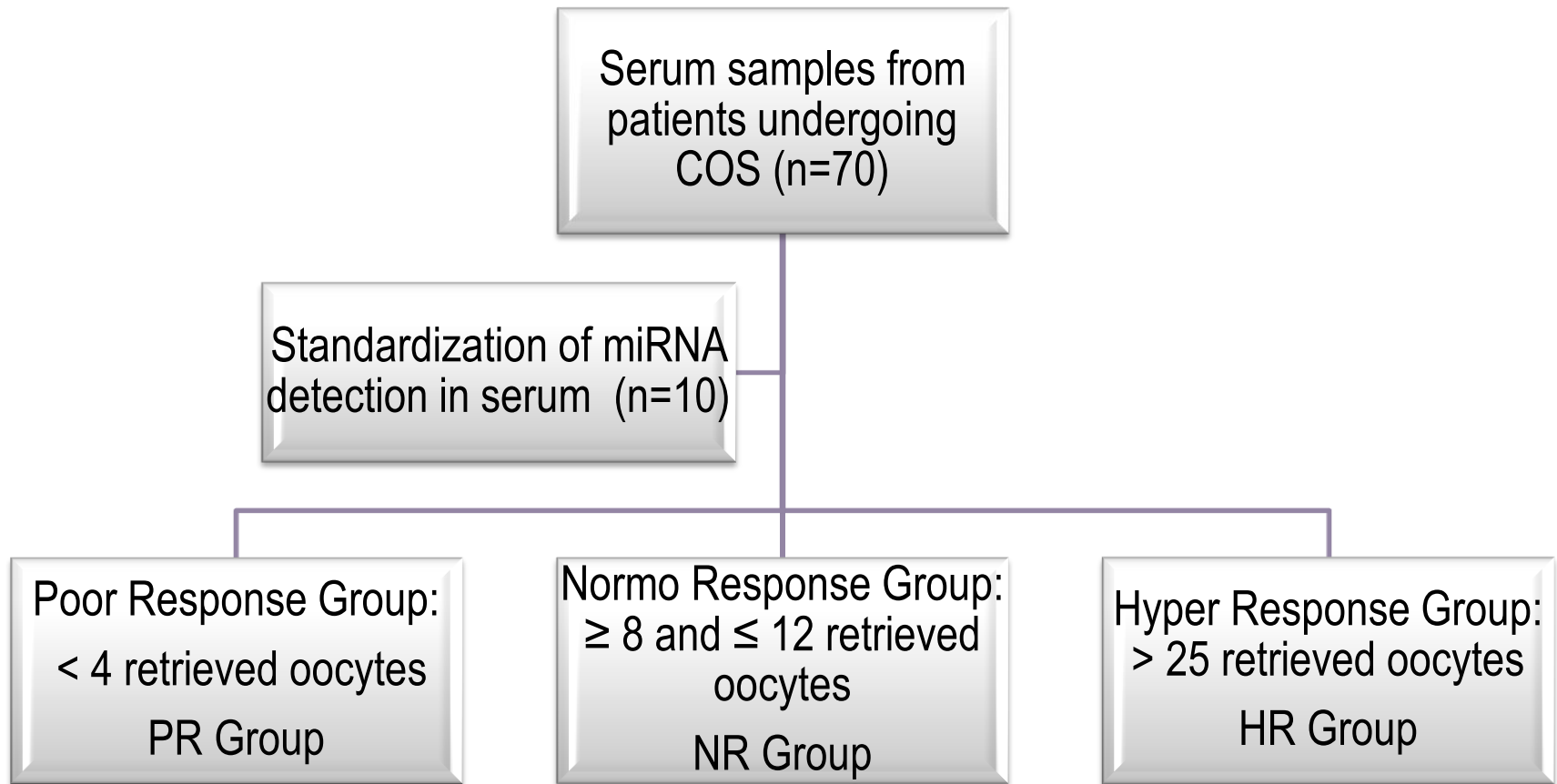
- **MicroRNAs:** actively secreted into the bloodstream and regulate gene expression in distant organs



OBJECTIVE

Identify potential miRNAs biomarkers of ovarian response to controlled ovarian stimulation

MATERIAL AND METHODS



MATERIAL AND METHODS

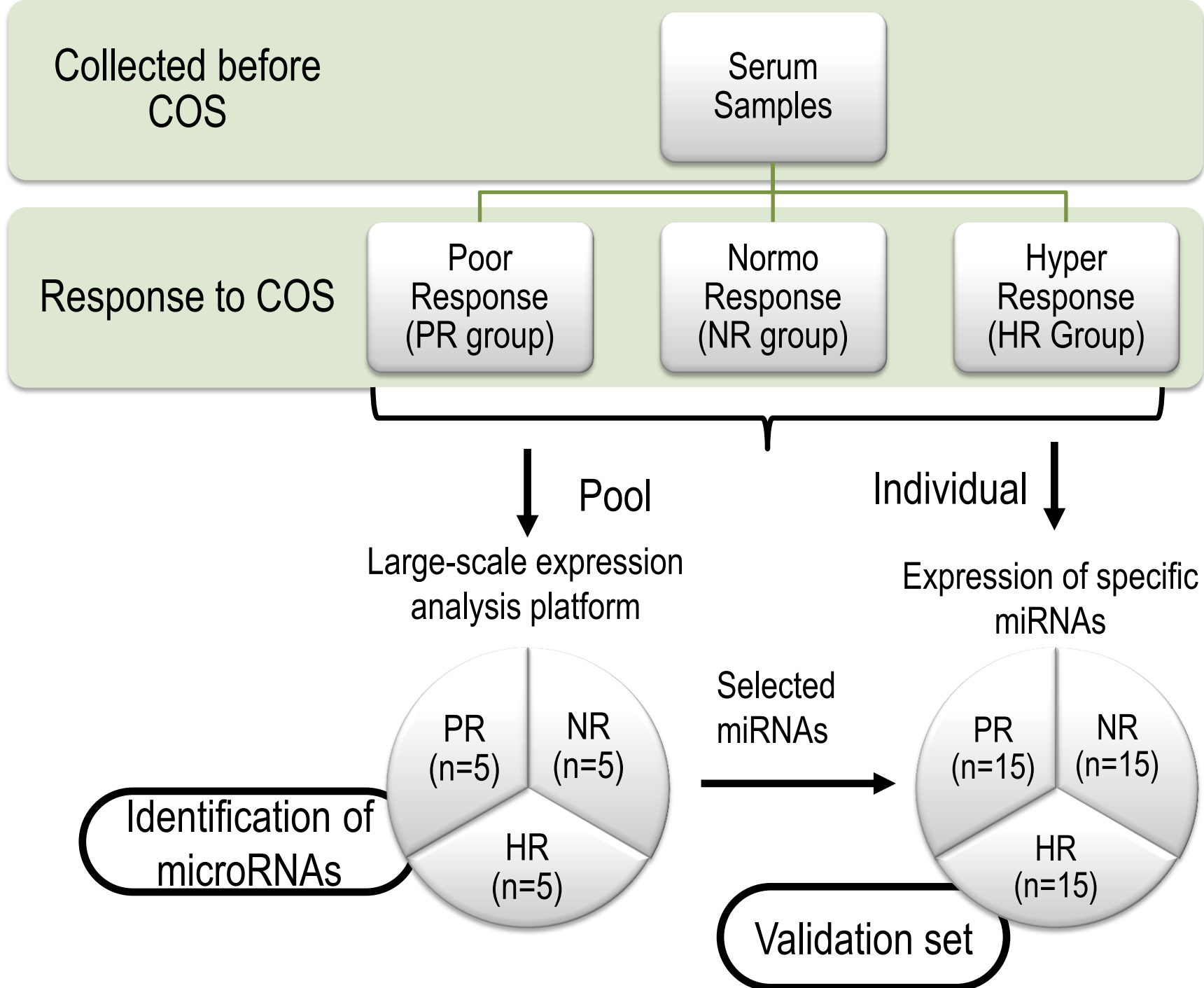
Two experimental sets (60 samples)

Identification of aberrantly expressed
miRNAs (n=15)

Validation set (n=45)



FERTILITY



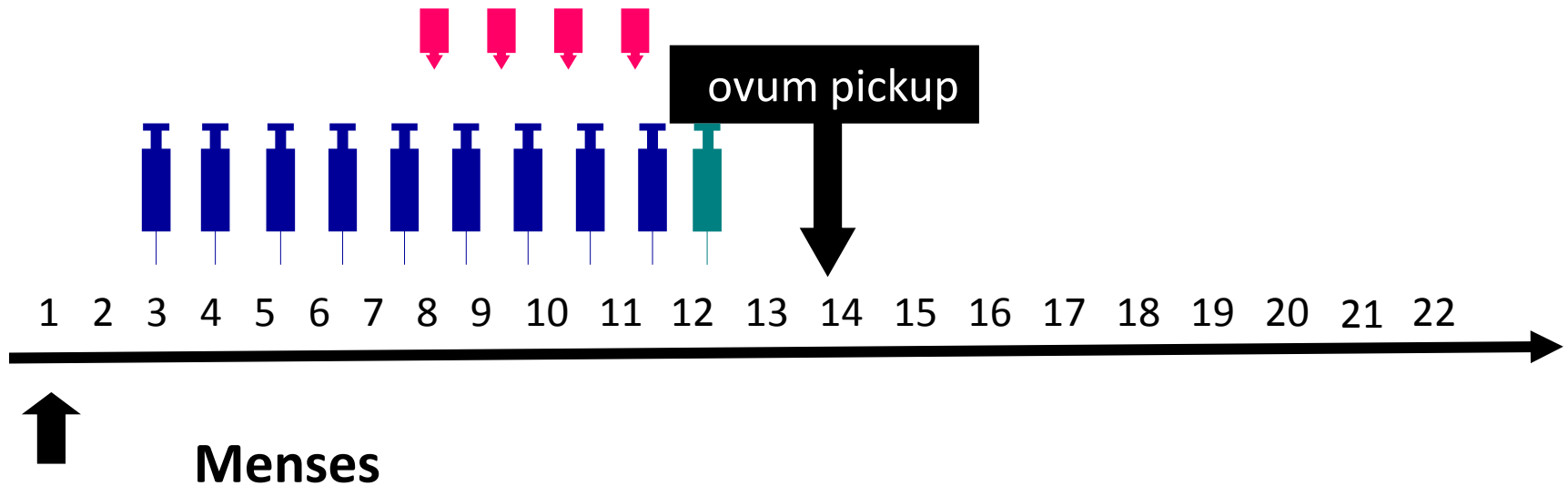
MATERIAL AND METHODS

✓ Controlled Ovarian Stimulation

-  GnRH antagonist
-  Recombinant FSH
-  Recombinant hCG

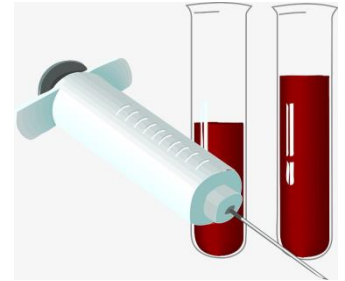


E2

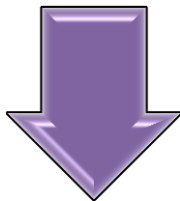


MATERIAL AND METHODS

Serum samples obtained through venipuncture, prior to beginning of COS



Small RNAs was extracted from 200 μ l of serum samples using a commercial kit



Identification and quantification of aberrantly expressed miRNAs performed by using a large-scale quantification PCR-Array

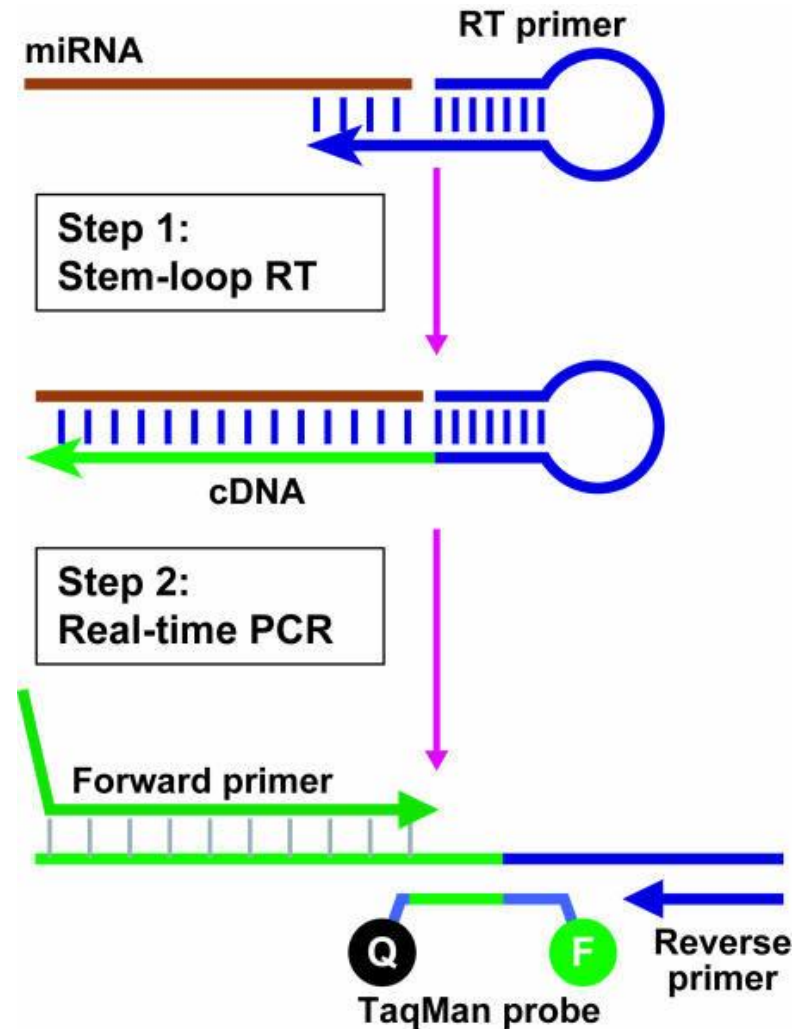


MATERIAL AND METHODS

According with this analysis, four miRNAs were selected to be tested in the validation set



The validation was performed by using the miRNA Assays quantification kit



RESULTS

Patient's and cycle's characteristics for the Poor response, Normo response and Hyper response Groups

	PR (n=5)	NR (n=5)	HR (n=5)	p
Age (years)	33.88 ± 1.87	32.40 ± 2.75	31.30 ± 2.11	0.065
BMI (kg/m ²)	25.04 ± 4.27	22.44 ± 2.50	25.50 ± 4.19	0.264
FSH dose (IU)	2383.33 ± 668.48	2550.00 ± 469.87	2495.00 ± 584.38	0.825
Estradiol level (pg/ml)	913.00 ± 415.80 ^a	1818.00 ± 1073.19 ^b	3901.00 ± 770.74 ^c	0.003
Aspirated follicles (n)	3.50 ± 0.85 ^a	11.20 ± 1.03 ^b	50.40 ± 22.24 ^c	<0.001
Retrieved oocytes (n)	2.80 ± 0.92 ^a	9.70 ± 1.49 ^b	36.50 ± 4.45 ^c	<0.001
Oocyte retrieval rate (%)	82.50 ± 23.71	86.82 ± 11.84	81.03 ± 24.98	0.816
Mature oocytes (n)	2.40 ± 0.84 ^a	7.30 ± 1.56 ^b	23.80 ± 5.09 ^c	<0.001

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RESULTS

Fold Change
twofold increased
expression in the
PR or HR groups vs
NR group

22 miRNAs

9 poor dissociation
curves

13 miRNAs

PR

miR-150-5p
miR-223-3p
let-7d-3p
miR-891a-5p
miR-99a-3p
miR-200c-5p

HR

miR-99a-5p
miR-181d-5p
miR-221-3p
miR-92a-1-5p

RESULTS

Quality of the
amplification

Detection pattern in the
experimental groups

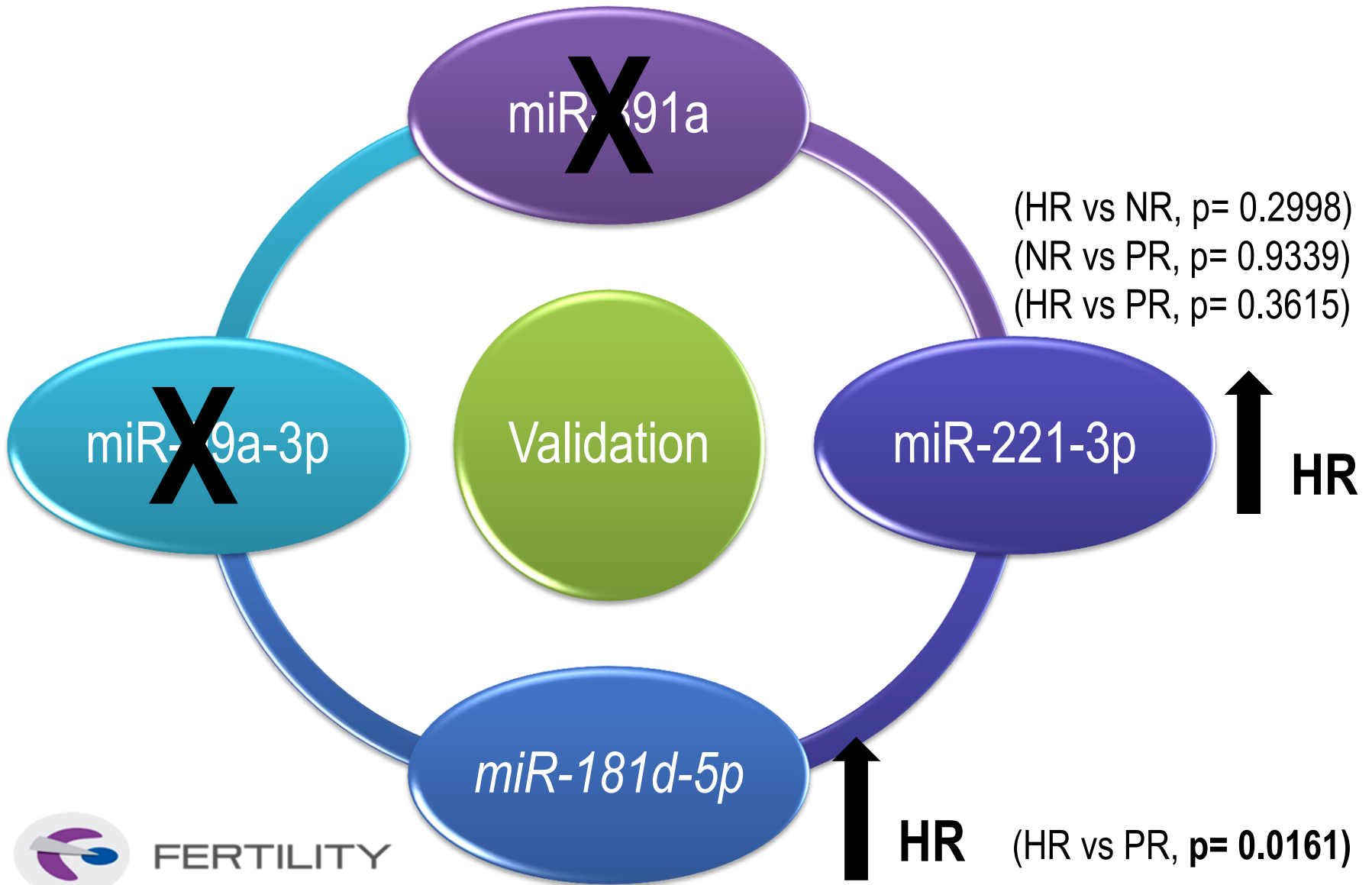
Literature data

PR group
(miR-891a-5p and miR-99a-3p)

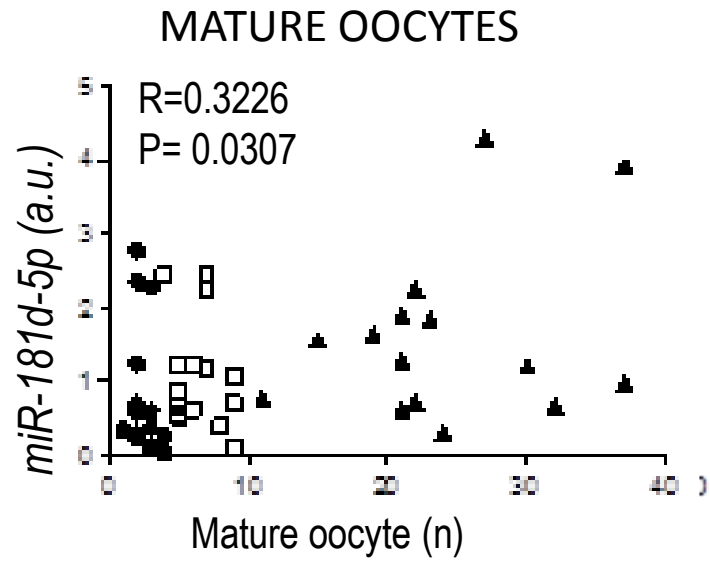
HR group
(miR-181d-5p and miR- 221-3p)

SELECTED FOR THE VALIDATION

RESULTS



RESULTS



CONCLUSION

miRNA biomarker: potential diagnostic tool for the management of the treatment of infertility

The quantification of *miR-181d-5p* prior to the COS may discriminate patients who will hyper or poor respond to the COS

Allowing the individualization of the treatment, increasing treatment success while decreasing the risks, patients' physical, emotional and economic burden



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DISCUSSÃO



DISCUSSÃO

Primeiro estudo que correlaciona metabólitos sanguíneos e resposta ovariana

REPRODUCTION RESEARCH

Prediction of embryo implantation potential by mass spectrometry fingerprinting of the culture medium

Sylvia Sanches Cortezzi¹, Elaine Cristina Cabral², Marcello Garcia Trevisan^{3,4}, Christina Ramires Ferreira², Amanda Souza Setti^{1,5}, Daniela Paes de Almeida Ferreira Braga^{1,5}, Rita de Cássia Sávio Figueira⁵, Assumpto Iaconelli Jr^{1,5}, Marcos Nogueira Eberlin² and Edson Borges Jr^{1,5}

JBRA Assisted Reproduction 2016;20(4):227-231
doi: 10.5935/1518-0557.20160044

Original Article

P-658 Wednesday, November 1, 2017

UTERINE FLUID LIPIDOMIC AS AN ENDOMETRIAL RECEPTIVITY PREDICTIVE TOOL. D. P. Braga,^{a,b,c} D. A. Montanni,^c A. S. Setti,^{a,b} G. Pili,^d A. Godoy,^d M. N. Eberlin,^d A. Iaconelli, Jr.,^{a,b} E. Borges, Jr.,^{a,b} E. G. Lo Turco.^c ^aFertility Medical Group, São Paulo, Brazil; ^bInstituto Sapientiae - Centro de Estudos e Pesquisa em Reprodução Assistida, São Paulo, Brazil; ^cDisciplina de Urologia, Departamento de Cirurgia - UNIFESP, São Paulo, Brazil; ^dLaboratório ThOMSON de Espectrometria de Massas - Instituto de Química - UNICAMP, Campinas, Brazil.



Non-invasive prediction of blastocyst implantation, ongoing pregnancy and live birth, by mass spectrometry lipid fingerprinting

Edson Borges Jr.^{1,2}, Daniela P.A.F. Braga^{1,2,3}, Amanda Souza Setti^{1,2}, Daniela A. Montanni³, Elaine Cristina Cabral⁴, Marcos N. Eberlin⁴, Edson G. Lo Turco³, Assumpto Iaconelli Jr.¹

119-124

Original Article



Non-Invasive Prediction of Blastocyst Formation by Day Three Embryo Culture Medium Mass Spectrometry Lipid Fingerprinting

Daniela Paes de Almeida Ferreira Braga^{1,2,3}, Amanda Souza Setti^{2,3}, Elaine Cristina Cabral⁴, Marcos Eberlin⁵, Edson Guimarães Loturco³, Edson Borges Jr.^{2,3}



DIRETORES

Assumpto Iaconelli Jr.

Edson Borges Jr.

ADMINISTRATIVO

Margaret Meira

Magda Bertochi

LABORATORIO DE FIV

Jéssica Rocha Ribeiro as Silva

Kelly Precipito

Lívia Vingris

Matheus de Castro Azevedo

Renata Cristina Ferreira

Rita de Cássia Sávio Figueira

LABORATORIO DE ANDROLOGIA

Rodrigo Provenza

PESQUISA CIENTÍFICA

Amanda Souza Setti

Bianca Ferrarini Zanetti

Daniela Paes de Almeida F. Braga

DEPARTAMENTO EDUCACIONAL INFORMATICA

Erika Ono Kawaoku

GINECOLOGIA E ULTRASOM

Barbara Brigati

Carla Iaconelli

Fabio Biaggioni Lopes

Graziela Canheo Chaves Carvalho

Mauro Bibancos de Rose

Natalia Grandini Tannous

Paula Ferreiro Vieira

ENFERMAGEM

Carla Mercante

Iara Resende

Rosieli Patricia A da Silva

FARMÁCIA

Glaucia Aparecida Amadio

Sheila Lopes

PSICOLOGIA

Rose Marie Melamed

NUTRIÇÃO

Gabriela Halperm

Marcelo Baptista

APOIO

Amanda Brombin

Edson Pinheiro

José Carlos de Jesus

Juceli Amorin

Lucácio de Souza Anjos

Katia Rodrigues

Paulo Luiz Paiva

Ronnie Alexandre Mussio

Guilherme Gomes

Francisco Júnior

Genilson Rodrigues

Jicélia Santos

Maria Piedade

Zenilda Sousa

José Roberto Duarte

Vitor Carmelo

ANESTESIA

Maternidade ProMatre Paulista

UNIFESP

Daniela Antunes Montani

Diogo de Oliveira Silva



FERTILITY
MEDICAL GROUP



UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DE SÃO PAULO

1933

INTRODUÇÃO

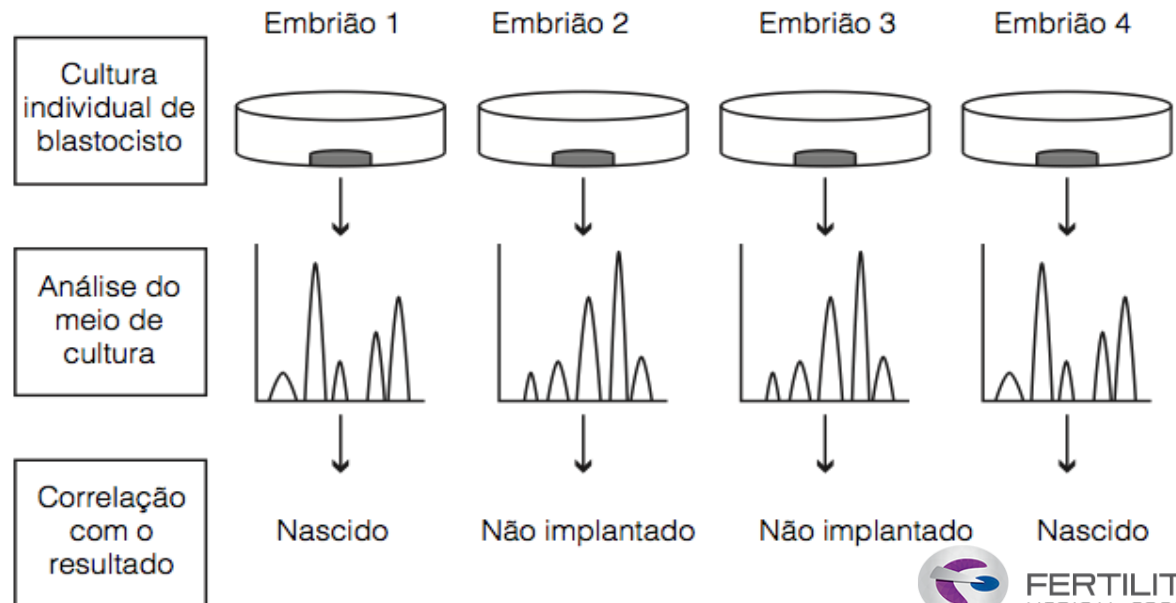
Metabolômica

REPRODUCTION

RESEARCH

Prediction of embryo implantation potential by mass spectrometry fingerprinting of the culture medium

Sylvia Sanches Cortezzi¹, Elaine Cristina Cabral², Marcello Garcia Trevisan^{3,4},
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Rita de Cássia Sávio Figueira⁵, Assumpto Iaconelli Jr^{1,5}, Marcos Nogueira Eberlin²
and Edson Borges Jr^{1,5}



INTRODUÇÃO

Metabolômica

REPRODUCTION RESEARCH

Metabolic profiling of human follicular fluid identifies potential biomarkers of oocyte developmental competence

A O'Gorman^{1,2}, M Wallace^{1,2}, E Cottell³, M J Gibney², F M McAuliffe⁴, M Wingfield³ and L Brennan^{1,2}

Human Reproduction, Vol.32, No.11 pp. 2269–2278, 2017
Advanced Access publication on October 13, 2017 doi:10.1093/humrep/dex303

human
reproduction

ORIGINAL ARTICLE *Reproductive biology*

Targeted metabolomics reveals reduced levels of polyunsaturated choline plasmalogens and a smaller dimethylarginine/arginine ratio in the follicular fluid of patients with a diminished ovarian reserve

J.M. Chao de la Barca^{1,2}, T. Boueilh³, G. Simard^{1,4}, L. Boucret^{2,3}, V. Ferré-L'Hotellier³, L. Tessier¹, C. Gavras¹, P.E. Bouet⁵, P. Descamps⁵, V. Procaccio^{1,2}, P. Reynier^{1,2}, and P. May-Panloup^{2,3,*}

Molecular BioSystems

Metabolomic profiling and biochemical evaluation in follicular fluid of endometriosis patients

Santonastaso Marianna^{1#}, Pucciarelli Alessia^{2#}, Costantini Susan³, Caprio Francesca⁴, Sorice Angela³, Capone Francesca³, Natella Antonella⁴, Iardino Patrizia⁵, Colacurci Nicola^{1*}, Chiosi Emilio^{2*}

www.impactjournals.com/oncotarget/

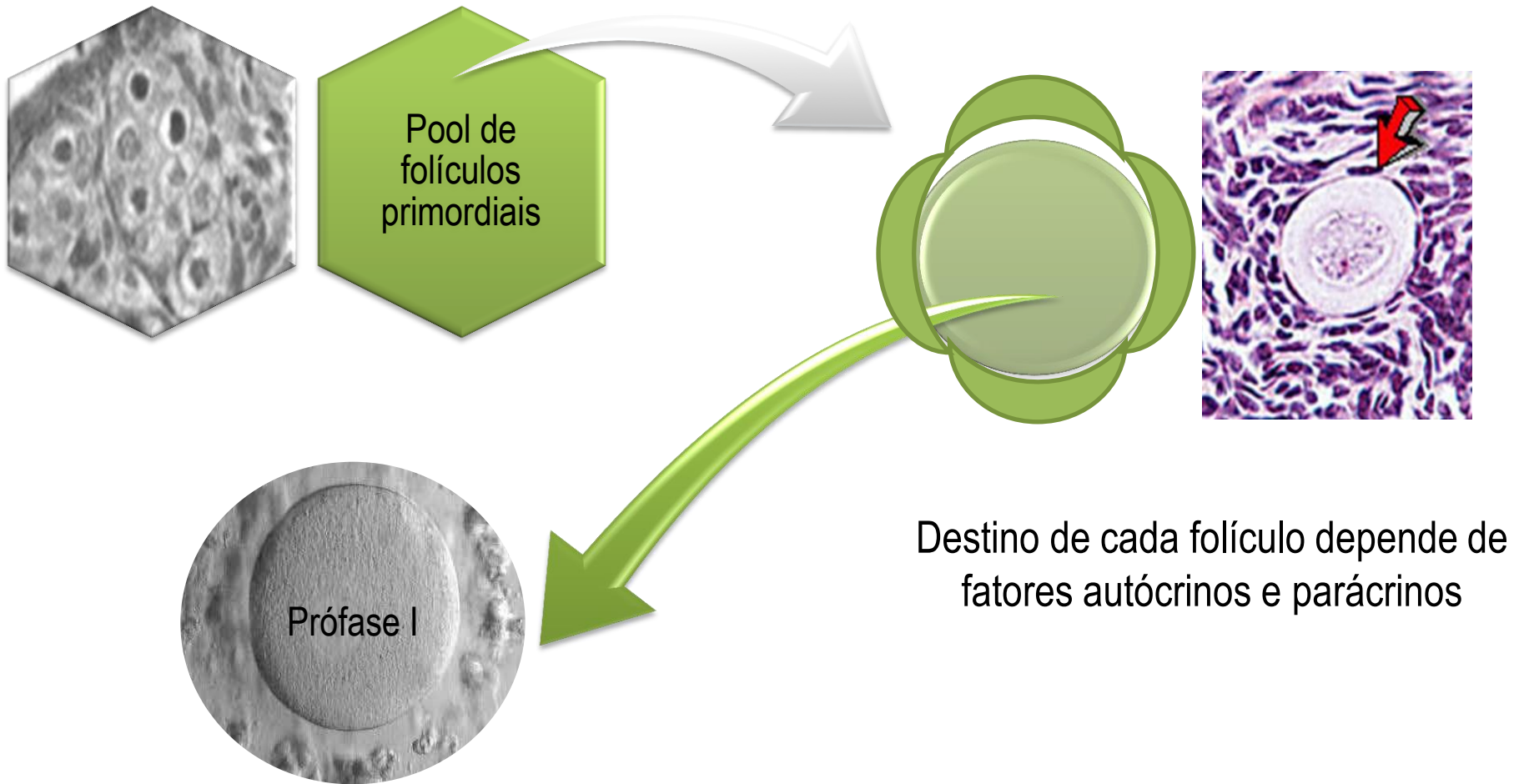
Oncotarget, 2017, Vol. 8, (No. 46), pp: 80472-80480

Research Paper

Follicular metabolic changes and effects on oocyte quality in polycystic ovary syndrome patients

Yan Zhang^{2,*}, Lingyan Liu^{1,*}, Tai-Lang Yin⁴, Jing Yang⁴ and Cheng-Liang Xiong^{2,3}

INTRODUÇÃO



INTRODUÇÃO

POOL DE
FOLÍCULOS
PRIMORDIAIS

400 maturam durante a
vida

18 semanas de gestação
($6-7 \times 10^6$ oócitos)

Ao nascimento
($1-2 \times 10^6$ oócitos)

Puberdade
(300 000 oócitos)

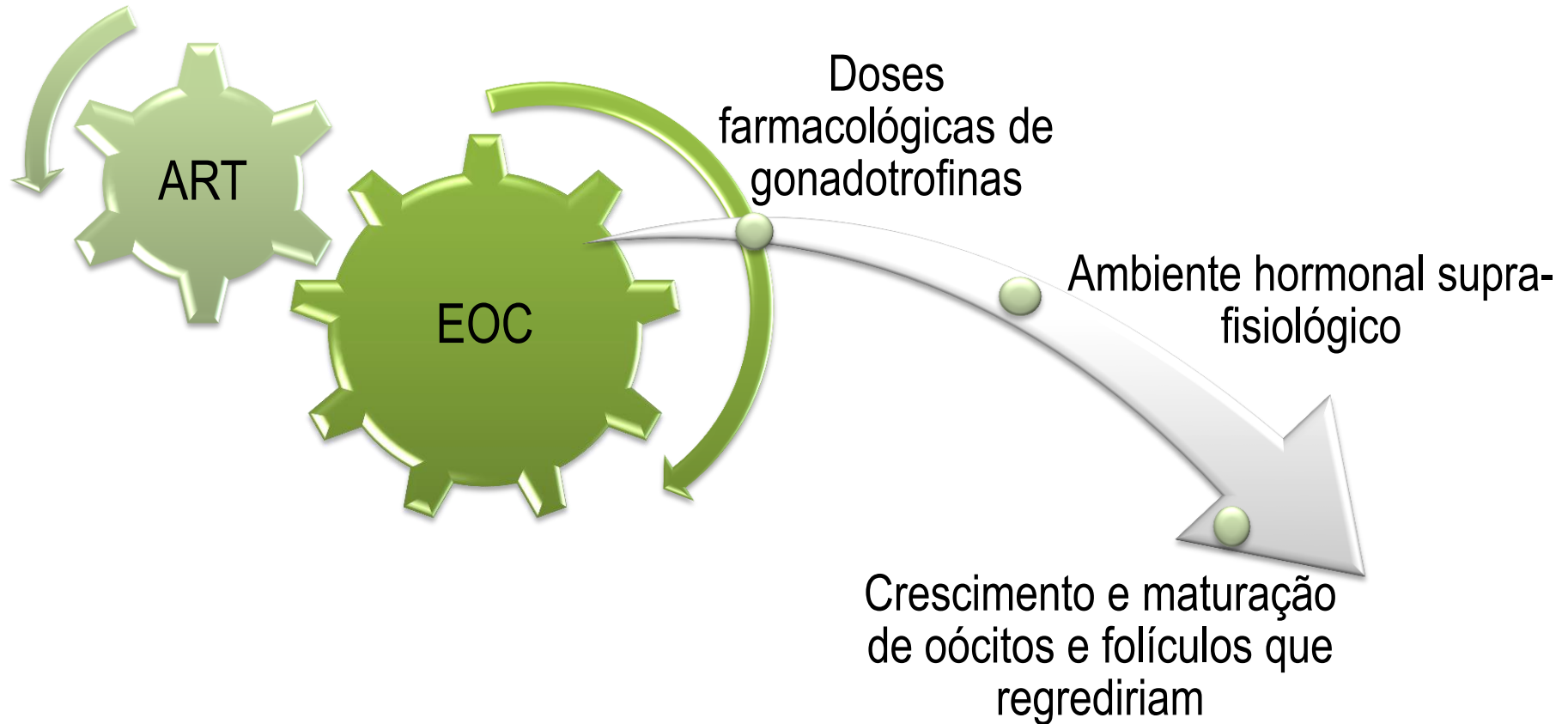
Menopausa
(< 1000 oócitos)



FERTILITY

INTRODUÇÃO

✓ Estímulo ovariano controlado



MATERIAL AND METHODS



✓ Statistical analyses

Patient and cycle characteristics

Normality distribution

Shapiro wilk

Group homogeneity

Levenne

Patronization using z score

Comparisons by ANOVA
followed by the Bonferroni post-
roc test

HYPOTHESIS

- The study of signalling molecules, such as miRNAs, in the serum of patients undergoing IVF may be a valuable approach to predict the response to COS and facilitate the development of an individualised gonadotrophin dosing strategy

OBJECTIVE

- Identify potential miRNAs biomarkers of ovarian response to COS.